

**2022/TDC/ODD/SEM/  
CHMHCC-501T/293**

**TDC (CBCS) Odd Semester Exam., 2022**

**CHEMISTRY**

**( Honours )**

**( 5th Semester )**

Course No. : CHMHCC-501T

**( Biomolecules )**

*Full Marks : 50*

*Pass Marks : 20*

*Time : 3 hours*

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

**UNIT—I**

**1. Answer any *two* of the following questions :**

**2×2=4**

(a) What are the heterocyclic bases present in DNA and RNA?

(b) What are nucleosides and nucleotides?

**1+1=2**

(c) Draw the structures of G-C and A-T base pairs indicating H-bond between them.

**1+1=2**

2. Answer any *one* of the following questions : 6
- (a) (i) Carry out the synthesis of cytosine. 3
- (ii) Draw the structures of uridine and guanosine. 2
- (iii) What are the structural differences between DNA and RNA? 1
- (b) (i) How will you synthesize thymine from urea? 2
- (ii) Write the salient features of double-helix structure of DNA. 3
- (iii) What are the different types of RNA? 1

UNIT—II

3. Answer any *two* of the following questions :  $2 \times 2 = 4$
- (a) Give one example each of acidic, basic, heterocyclic and essential amino acids.  $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$
- (b) Write a short note on isoelectric point of amino acid.
- (c) How will you prepare alanine by Gabriel synthesis?

4. Answer any *one* of the following questions : 6

- (a) (i) What is peptide linkage? Describe Merrifield solid-phase synthesis of a dipeptide. 1+3=4
- (ii) Explain the secondary structure of protein. 2
- (b) (i) Describe Strecker synthesis of  $\alpha$ -amino acid taking a suitable example. 2
- (ii) Describe one method of N-terminal residue analysis of peptides. 2
- (iii) What do you mean by denaturation of protein and electrophoresis? 1+1=2

UNIT—III

5. Answer any *two* of the following questions :

2×2=4

- (a) Write the salient features of active site of an enzyme.
- (b) What are the differences between inorganic catalyst and enzyme?
- (c) Define the terms coenzyme and turnover number of enzyme. 1+1=2

6. Answer any *one* of the following questions : 6
- (a) (i) What are the characteristics of an enzyme? 2
  - (ii) Describe the steps involved in an enzyme-catalyzed reaction. 2
  - (iii) Discuss various factors affecting an enzyme-catalyzed reaction. 2
  - (b) (i) Discuss specificity of enzyme action taking suitable example. 2
  - (ii) Explain competitive and non-competitive inhibition of enzyme action. 2
  - (iii) Describe the metabolic function of NAD. 2

UNIT—IV

7. Answer any *two* of the following questions : 2×2=4
- (a) Define oils and fats. Give example of each. 1+1=2
  - (b) What is the acid value of oil or fat? What does this value indicate? 1+1=2
  - (c) What is meant by *trans*-esterification? Give one example.

8. Answer any one of the following questions : 6

(a) (i) What is saponification value?  
What does it signify? How is  
saponification value of an oil  
determined? 1+1+2=4

(ii) Explain oxidative and hydrolytic  
rancidities. 1+1=2

(b) (i) Define iodine value. What is its  
significance? 1+1=2

(ii) Write short notes on the following :  
1+1=2

(1) Drying

(2) Hardening of oil

(iii) Describe the biological importance  
of lipids. 2

UNIT—V

9. Answer any two of the following questions :  
2×2=4

(a) What are analgesic and antipyretic  
drugs? Give examples. 1+1=2

(b) Write medicinal uses of curcumin and  
azadirachtin. 1+1=2

(c) Explain broad spectrum and narrow  
spectrum antibiotics. 1+1=2

10. Answer any *one* of the following questions : 6

(a) (i) Discuss the synthesis and therapeutic uses of ibuprofen.  $2+1=3$

(ii) What are antacids? Discuss medicinal uses of vitamin C and renitidine.  $1+1+1=3$

(b) (i) Describe the synthesis, uses and mode of action of chloramphenicol.  $2+1\frac{1}{2}+1\frac{1}{2}=5$

(ii) Name two antibiotics which are specific for certain disease. 1

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